LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034 **B.Sc.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **STATISTICS** FIFTH SEMESTER – APRIL 2023 **UST 5504 – TESTING OF HYPOTHESES** Date: 13-05-2023 Dept. No. Max.: 100 Marks Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON PART - A Answer ALL the Questions $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 1. What are the two types of error? 2. Define Critical Region. 3. Define a family with monotone likelihood ratio. 4. When does UMP test exist? 5. What are the properties of Likelihood Ratio test? 6. Define a parameter space. 7. What are the uses of Chi - Square test? 8. Define F distributions. 9. When do we use non - parametric tests? 10. When do we use U test?

PART - B

Answer any FIVE Questions

- 11. What are the steps in solving testing of hypothesis problem?
- 12. Prove that the family N(θ ,1) θ > 0 has MLR property.
- 13. Examine whether a best critical region exits for testing the null hypothesis $H_0: \theta = \theta_0$ against the alternative hypothesis $H_1: \theta > \theta_0$ for the parameter θ of the distribution:

$$f(x, \theta) = \frac{1 + \theta}{(x + \theta)^2}, 1 \le x < \infty$$

- 14. Explain the concept of SPRT in detail.
- 15. Explain the procedure for testing goodness of fit.
- 16. What are the advantages and disadvantages of non parametric tests over parametric methods?

 $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

17. Let X have a pdf of the form:

$$f(x,\theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-x/\theta}; & 0 < x < \infty, \theta > 0\\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

To test H₀: θ = 2, against H₁: θ = 1, use the random sample x₁, x₂ of size 2 and define a

critical region: W = { (x_1, x_2) :9.5 $\leq x_1 + x_2$ }. Find

- a. Power of the test.
- b. Significance level of the test.

18. The following arrangement of men M and women W lined up to purchase tickets for a rock concert are as follows:

MWMWMMMWMMMMWWMWMWM

MMWMMMWWWMWMMMMMWWM

Test for randomness at $\alpha = 0.05$.

PART - C

Answer any TWO Questions

19. State and Prove Neymann - Pearson Lemma.

20. Show that for the normal distribution with zero mean and variance σ^2 , the best critical region for H₀: $\sigma = \sigma_0$ against the alternative H₁: $\sigma = \sigma_1$ is the form:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 \leq a_{\alpha}, for \sigma_0 > \sigma_1 and \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 \geq b_{\alpha}, for \sigma_0 < \sigma_1$$

Show that the power of the best critical region when $\sigma_0 > \sigma_1$ is $F\left(\frac{\sigma_0^2}{\sigma_1^2}, \chi^2_{\alpha,n}\right)\Sigma$, where $\chi^2_{\alpha,n}$ is lower 100 α - percent point and F is the distribution function of the χ^2 - distribution with n degrees of freedom.

- 21. a) Give the test for the equality of two population variances.
 - b) Explain the steps involved in a test for equality means of a two normal population.
- 22. A college statistics professor claims that the median test score for his students last test is 58. the score for 18 randomly selected tests are listed below. At α = 0.01, can you reject the professor's claim?

58	62	55	55	53	52	52	59	55
55	60	56	57	61	58	63	63	55

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$